CORFORATE TAX UNADJUSTED INCOME AMENDMENTS
2021 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Douglas V. Sagers
Senate Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
LONG TITLE
Committee Note:
The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee recommended this bill.
Legislative Vote: 15 voting for 0 voting against 4 absent
General Description:
This bill modifies defined terms related to corporate income taxes.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>provides that a corporate taxpayer's unadjusted income is determined before any</li> </ul>
deductions related to:
• foreign-derived intangible income and global intangible low-taxed income; and
<ul> <li>deferred foreign income; and</li> </ul>
<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides retrospective operation.
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
59-7-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Sixth Special Session, Chapter 15
59-7-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Sixth Special Session, Chapter 15



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29	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
30	Section 1. Section <b>59-7-101</b> is amended to read:
31	59-7-101. Definitions.
32	As used in this chapter:
33	(1) "Adjusted income" means unadjusted income as modified by Sections 59-7-105
34	and 59-7-106.
35	(2) (a) "Affiliated group" means one or more chains of corporations that are connected
36	through stock ownership with a common parent corporation that meet the following
37	requirements:
38	(i) at least 80% of the stock of each of the corporations in the group, excluding the
39	common parent corporation, is owned by one or more of the other corporations in the group;
40	and
41	(ii) the common parent directly owns at least 80% of the stock of at least one of the
42	corporations in the group.
43	(b) "Affiliated group" does not include corporations that are qualified to do business
44	but are not otherwise doing business in this state.
45	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), "stock" does not include nonvoting stock which
46	is limited and preferred as to dividends.
47	(3) "Apportionable income" means adjusted income less nonbusiness income net of
48	related expenses, to the extent included in adjusted income.
49	(4) "Apportioned income" means apportionable income multiplied by the
50	apportionment fraction as determined in Section 59-7-311.
51	(5) "Business income" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-7-302.
52	(6) "Captive insurance company" means the same as that term is defined in Section
53	31A-1-301.
54	(7) (a) "Captive real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust if:
55	(i) the shares or beneficial interests of the real estate investment trust are not regularly
56	traded on an established securities market; and
57	(ii) more than 50% of the voting power or value of the shares or beneficial interests of
58	the real estate investment trust are directly, indirectly, or constructively:

59	(A) owned by a controlling entity of the real estate investment trust; or
60	(B) controlled by a controlling entity of the real estate investment trust.
61	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
62	commission may make rules defining "established securities market."
63	(8) (a) "Common ownership" means the direct or indirect control or ownership of more
64	than 50% of the outstanding voting stock of:
65	(i) a parent-subsidiary controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue
66	Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%;
67	(ii) a brother-sister controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue
68	Code; or
69	(iii) three or more corporations each of which is a member of a group of corporations
70	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii), and one of which is:
71	(A) a common parent corporation included in a group of corporations described in
72	Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
73	(B) included in a group of corporations described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
74	(b) Ownership of outstanding voting stock shall be determined by Section 1563,
75	Internal Revenue Code.
76	(9) (a) "Controlling entity of a captive real estate investment trust" means an entity
77	that:
78	(i) is treated as an association taxable as a corporation under the Internal Revenue
79	Code;
80	(ii) is not exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(a), Internal Revenue
81	Code; and
82	(iii) directly, indirectly, or constructively holds more than 50% of:
83	(A) the voting power of a captive real estate investment trust; or
84	(B) the value of the shares or beneficial interests of a captive real estate investment
85	trust.
86	(b) "Controlling entity of a captive real estate investment trust" does not include:
87	(i) a real estate investment trust, except for a captive real estate investment trust;
88	(ii) a qualified real estate investment subsidiary described in Section 856(i), Internal
89	Revenue Code, except for a qualified real estate investment trust subsidiary of a captive real

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estate investment trust; or

91	(iii) a foreign real estate investment trust.
92	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
93	commission may make rules defining "established securities market."
94	(10) "Corporate return" or "return" includes a combined report.
95	(11) "Corporation" includes:
96	(a) entities defined as corporations under Sections 7701(a) and 7704, Internal Revenue
97	Code; and
98	(b) other organizations that are taxed as corporations for federal income tax purposes
99	under the Internal Revenue Code.
100	(12) "COVID-19" means:
101	(a) the severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2; or
102	(b) the disease caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2.
103	(13) "Dividend" means any distribution, including money or other type of property,
104	made by a corporation to its shareholders out of its earnings or profits accumulated after
105	December 31, 1930.
106	(14) (a) "Doing business" includes any transaction in the course of business by a
107	domestic corporation or by a foreign corporation qualified to do or doing business in this state.
108	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (14)(c) or Subsection 59-7-102(3), "doing
109	business" includes:
110	(i) the right to do business through incorporation or qualification;
111	(ii) owning, renting, or leasing of real or personal property within this state;
112	(iii) the participation in joint ventures, working and operating agreements, the
113	performance of which takes place in this state;
114	(iv) selling or performing a service in this state; and
115	(v) earning income from the use of intangible property in this state.
116	(c) "Doing business" does not include the business activity of a corporation if the
117	corporation's only business activity within the state is the solicitation of orders for sales of
118	tangible personal property that are protected under 15 U.S.C. Secs. 381 through 384.
119	(15) "Domestic corporation" means a corporation that is incorporated or organized
120	under the laws of this state.

121	(16) "Exercising a corporate franchise" does not include the business activity of a
122	corporation if the corporation's only business activity within the state is the solicitation of
123	orders for sales of tangible personal property that are protected under 15 U.S.C. Secs. 381
124	through 384.
125	(17) (a) "Farmers' cooperative" means an association, corporation, or other
126	organization that is:
127	(i) (A) an association, corporation, or other organization of farmers or fruit growers; or
128	(B) an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to an association,
129	corporation, or organization described in Subsection (17)(a)(i)(A); and
130	(ii) organized and operated on a cooperative basis to:
131	(A) (I) market the products of members of the cooperative or the products of other
132	producers; and
133	(II) return to the members of the cooperative or other producers the proceeds of sales
134	less necessary marketing expenses on the basis of the quantity of the products of a member or
135	producer or the value of the products of a member or producer; or
136	(B) (I) purchase supplies and equipment for the use of members of the cooperative or
137	other persons; and
138	(II) turn over the supplies and equipment described in Subsection (17)(a)(ii)(B)(I) at
139	actual costs plus necessary expenses to the members of the cooperative or other persons.
140	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (17)(b)(ii), for purposes of this Subsection (17), the
141	commission by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
142	Rulemaking Act, shall define:
143	(A) the terms "member" and "producer"; and
144	(B) what constitutes an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to
145	an association, corporation, or organization described in Subsection (17)(a)(i)(A).
146	(ii) The rules made under this Subsection (17)(b) shall be consistent with the filing
147	requirements under federal law for a farmers' cooperative.
148	(18) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is not incorporated or organized
149	under the laws of this state.
150	(19) (a) "Foreign operating company" means a corporation that:

(i) is incorporated in the United States;

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152	(ii) conducts at least 80% of the corporation's business activity, as determined under
153	Section 59-7-401, outside the United States; and
154	(iii) as calculated in accordance with Part 3, Allocation and Apportionment of Income
155	Utah UDITPA Provisions, has:
156	(A) at least \$1,000,000 of payroll located outside the United States; and
157	(B) at least \$2,000,000 of property located outside the United States.
158	(b) "Foreign operating company" does not include a corporation that qualifies for the
159	Puerto Rico and possession tax credit as provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code.
160	(20) (a) "Foreign real estate investment trust" means:
161	(i) a business entity organized outside the laws of the United States if:
162	(A) at least 75% of the business entity's total asset value at the close of the business
163	entity's taxable year is represented by:
164	(I) real estate assets, as defined in Section 856(c)(5)(B), Internal Revenue Code;
165	(II) cash or cash equivalents; or
166	(III) one or more securities issued or guaranteed by the United States;
167	(B) the business entity is:
168	(I) not subject to income taxation:
169	(Aa) on amounts distributed to the business entity's beneficial owners; and
170	(Bb) in the jurisdiction in which the business entity is organized; or
171	(II) exempt from income taxation on an entity level in the jurisdiction in which the
172	business entity is organized;
173	(C) the business entity distributes at least 85% of the business entity's taxable income,
174	as computed in the jurisdiction in which the business entity is organized, to the holders of the
175	business entity's:
176	(I) shares or beneficial interests; and
177	(II) on an annual basis;
178	(D) (I) not more than 10% of the following is held directly, indirectly, or constructively
179	by a single person:
180	(Aa) the voting power of the business entity; or
181	(Bb) the value of the shares or beneficial interests of the business entity; or
182	(II) the shares of the business entity are regularly traded on an established securities

183	market; and
184	(E) the business entity is organized in a country that has a tax treaty with the United
185	States; or
186	(ii) a listed Australian property trust.
187	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
188	commission may make rules defining:
189	(i) "cash or cash equivalents";
190	(ii) "established securities market"; or
191	(iii) "listed Australian property trust."
192	(21) "Income" includes losses.
193	(22) "Internal Revenue Code" means Title 26 of the United States Code as effective
194	during the year in which Utah taxable income is determined.
195	(23) "Nonbusiness income" means the same as that term is defined in Section
196	59-7-302.
197	(24) "Real estate investment trust" means the same as that term is defined in Section
198	856, Internal Revenue Code.
199	(25) "Related expenses" means:
200	(a) expenses directly attributable to nonbusiness income; and
201	(b) the portion of interest or other expense indirectly attributable to both nonbusiness
202	and business income that bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount of such interest or other
203	expense, determined without regard to this Subsection (25), as the average amount of the asset
204	producing the nonbusiness income bears to the average amount of all assets of the taxpayer
205	within the taxable year.
206	(26) "S corporation" means an S corporation as defined in Section 1361, Internal
207	Revenue Code.
208	(27) "Safe harbor lease" means a lease that qualified as a safe harbor lease under
209	Section 168, Internal Revenue Code.
210	(28) "Special deduction" includes a deduction under:
211	(a) Section 250, Internal Revenue Code; or
212	(b) Section 965(c), Internal Revenue Code.

[(28)] (29) "State of the United States" includes any of the 50 states or the District of

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214	Columbia.
215	[(29)] (30) (a) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the fiscal year ending during
216	such calendar year upon the basis of which the adjusted income is computed.
217	(b) In the case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under this chapter or
218	under rules prescribed by the commission, "taxable year" includes the period for which such
219	return is made.
220	[(30)] (31) "Taxpayer" means any corporation subject to the tax imposed by this
221	chapter.
222	[(31)] (32) "Threshold level of business activity" means business activity in the United
223	States equal to or greater than 20% of the corporation's total business activity as determined
224	under Section 59-7-401.
225	[(32)] (33) (a) "Unadjusted income" means federal taxable income as determined on a
226	separate return basis before intercompany eliminations as determined by the Internal Revenue
227	Code, before the net operating loss deduction and special deductions [for dividends received].
228	(b) "Unadjusted income" includes deferred foreign income described in Section 965(a),
229	Internal Revenue Code.
230	(c) "Unadjusted income" does not include income received from:
231	(i) a loan forgiven in accordance with 15 U.S.C. Sec. 636(a)(36), to the extent that a
232	deduction for the expenditures paid with the loan is disallowed; or
233	(ii) a similar paycheck protection loan that is:
234	(A) authorized by the federal government;
235	(B) provided in response to COVID-19;
236	(C) forgiven if the borrower meets the expenditure requirements; and
237	(D) exempt from federal income tax, to the extent that a deduction for the expenditures
238	paid with the loan is disallowed.
239	[(33)] $(34)$ (a) "Unitary group" means a group of corporations that:
240	(i) are related through common ownership; and
241	(ii) by a preponderance of the evidence as determined by a court of competent
242	jurisdiction or the commission, are economically interdependent with one another as
243	demonstrated by the following factors:
244	(A) centralized management:

245	(B) functional integration; and
246	(C) economies of scale.
247	(b) "Unitary group" includes a captive real estate investment trust.
248	(c) "Unitary group" does not include an S corporation.
249	[(34)] (35) "United States" includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia.
250	[(35)] (36) "Utah net loss" means the current year Utah taxable income before Utah net
251	loss deduction, if determined to be less than zero.
252	[(36)] (37) "Utah net loss deduction" means the amount of Utah net losses from other
253	taxable years that a taxpayer may carry forward to the current taxable year in accordance with
254	Section 59-7-110.
255	[(37)] (38) (a) "Utah taxable income" means Utah taxable income before net loss
256	deduction less Utah net loss deduction.
257	(b) "Utah taxable income" includes income from tangible or intangible property located
258	or having situs in this state, regardless of whether carried on in intrastate, interstate, or foreign
259	commerce.
260	[(38)] (39) "Utah taxable income before net loss deduction" means apportioned income
261	plus nonbusiness income allocable to Utah net of related expenses.
262	[(39)] $(40)$ (a) "Water's edge combined report" means a report combining the income
263	and activities of:
264	(i) all members of a unitary group that are:
265	(A) corporations organized or incorporated in the United States, including those
266	corporations qualifying for the Puerto Rico and Possession Tax Credit as provided in Section
267	936, Internal Revenue Code, in accordance with Subsection [(39)] (40)(b); and
268	(B) corporations organized or incorporated outside of the United States meeting the
269	threshold level of business activity; and
270	(ii) an affiliated group electing to file a water's edge combined report under Subsection
271	59-7-402(2).
272	(b) There is a rebuttable presumption that a corporation which qualifies for the Puerto
273	Rico and possession tax credit provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code, is part of a
274	unitary group.

[(40)] (41) "Worldwide combined report" means the combination of the income and

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276	activities of all members of a unitary group irrespective of the country in which the
277	corporations are incorporated or conduct business activity.
278	Section 2. Section <b>59-7-402</b> is amended to read:
279	59-7-402. Water's edge combined report.
280	(1) Except as provided in Section 59-7-403, if any corporation listed in Subsection
281	59-7-101[(39)](40)(a) is doing business in Utah, the unitary group shall file a water's edge
282	combined report.
283	(2) (a) A group of corporations that are not otherwise a unitary group may elect to file a
284	water's edge combined report if each member of the group is:
285	(i) doing business in Utah;
286	(ii) part of the same affiliated group; and
287	(iii) qualified, under Section 1501, Internal Revenue Code, to file a federal
288	consolidated return.
289	(b) Each corporation within the affiliated group that is doing business in Utah must
290	consent to filing a combined report. If an affiliated group elects to file a combined report, each
291	corporation within the affiliated group that is doing business in Utah must file a combined
292	report.
293	(c) Corporations that elect to file a water's edge combined report under this section may
294	not thereafter elect to file a separate return without the consent of the commission.
295	Section 3. Retrospective operation.
296	This bill has retrospective operation for:
297	(1) the last taxable year of a taxpayer beginning on or before December 31, 2017; and
298	(2) a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2018.